

Arcontech – Trading Update November 21

ARCONTECH GROUP PLC

(“Arcontech” or the “Company”)

Trading Update

Arcontech

(AIM: ARC), the provider of products and services for real-time

financial market data processing and trading, announces that its trading

performance has regrettably fallen below current

market expectations due to one customer reducing its market data spend

with the Company, and notification from another customer that it will

not be renewing its contract

from the start of second half of 2022. The two changes are unrelated

and do not involve customers with Arcontech’s core MVCS server-side

solution. They instead reflect one customer greatly scaling back its

market data team and market data requirements, and

a second choosing not to renew its contract for one Arcontech product

because it is switching to use a solution included in a legacy, bundled contract.

The

Company is consequently revising its year end market guidance

to
reflect this net reduction of revenue. The reductions will
take effect
at the beginning of the second half of Arcontech's
financial year and consequently will negatively impact revenue
by
annualised c.£300K, half of which will impact in the current
financial
year.

However,
notwithstanding the above the Company senses an overall
improvement in
the business outlook which until now has seen growth affected
by Covid.
Its clients are now renewing interest
in new business projects and the Company's sales pipeline
continues to
be healthy. The increasing opportunities to travel and cement
new
relationships also bode well for the future and our ability to
recover
lost ground. During the last year Arcontech has
improved its offerings to provide more value and the quality
of its
solutions together with its ability to help reduce spend,
positions the
Company well to absorb any lost business and resume growth as
the
pipeline matures. Arcontech continues to be fully
confident in the strength of the business and is working to
leverage
its cash reserves, when the opportunity arises.

Enquiries:	
Arcontech Group plc	020 7256 2300

Geoff Wicks, Chairman and Non-Executive Director	
Matthew Jeffs, Chief Executive	
finnCap Ltd (Nomad & Broker)	
Carl Holmes/Tim Harper	020 7220 0500
To access more information on the Group please visit: www.arcontech.com	

The information contained within this announcement is deemed by the Company to constitute inside information as stipulated under the Market Abuse Regulations (EU) No. 596/2014. Upon the publication of this announcement via Regulatory Information Service, this inside information is now considered to be in the public domain.

Result of Annual General Meeting

ARCONTECH GROUP PLC

("Arcontech", the "Company" or the "Group")

Result of Annual General Meeting

Arcontech (AIM: ARC), the provider of products and services for real-time financial market data processing and trading,

announces that at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held earlier today, all Resolutions were duly passed.

Enquiries:

Arcontech Group plc	020 7256 2300
Geoff Wicks, Chairman and Non-Executive Director	
Matthew Jeffs, Chief Executive	
finnCap Ltd (Nomad & Broker)	020 7220 0500
Carl Holmes/Simon Hicks	

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Director/PDMR Shareholding

ARCONTECH GROUP PLC

("Arcontech" or the "Company")

Director/PDMR Shareholding

Arcontech (AIM: ARC), the provider of products and services for real-time financial market data processing and trading, announces that Louise Barton, Non-Executive Director, has bought 15,000 ordinary shares in Arcontech at a price of 74.5 pence per share. Following this purchase, Louise Barton has a beneficial interest of 1,106,416 ordinary shares in the Company representing 8.27% of the issued share capital.

Further information is disclosed below pursuant to Article

19(3) of the Market Abuse Regulation.

Enquiries:	
Arcontech Group plc	020 7256 2300
Geoff Wicks, Chairman and Non-Executive Director	
Matthew Jeffs, Chief Executive	
finnCap Ltd (Nomad & Broker)	
Carl Holmes/Tim Harper	020 7220 0500
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Notification and public disclosure of transactions by persons discharging managerial responsibilities and persons closely associated with them

1.	Details of the person discharging managerial responsibilities / person closely associated	
a)	Name	Louise Barton
2.	Reason for the Notification	
a)	Position/status	Non-Executive Director
b)	Initial notification/Amendment	Initial notification
3.	Details of the issuer, emission allowance market participant, auction platform, auctioneer or auction monitor	
a)	Name	Arcontech Group Plc
b)	LEI	21380007PM9V79TP7523

4.	Details of the transaction(s): section to be repeated for (i) each type of instrument; (ii) each type of transaction; (iii) each date; and (iv) each place where transactions have been conducted	
a)	Description of the Financial instrument, type of instrument	Ordinary Shares of £0.125
Identification code	ARC GB00BDBBJZ03	
b)	Nature of the transactions	Purchase of Ordinary Shares
c)	Price(s) and volume(s)	Price(s)Volume(s)74.5p15,000
d)	Aggregated information: · Aggregated volumes · Prices	See 4(c) above
e)	Date of the transaction	17 January 2022
f)	Place of the transaction	London Stock Exchange

Exercise of Options

ARCONTECH GROUP PLC

("Arcontech", the "Company" or the "Group")

Exercise of Options

Arcontech (AIM: ARC), the provider of products and services for real-time financial market data processing and trading, announces the exercise of share options by an employee of the Company over 20,000

new ordinary shares of 12.5 pence each in the capital of the Company (“Ordinary Shares”) at an exercise price of 64.5 pence per share.

Application

has been made to the London Stock Exchange for the 20,000 new Ordinary Shares to be admitted to trading on AIM and admission is expected to occur on or around 8.00am 14 September 2021. The new Ordinary Shares will rank pari passu with the existing Ordinary Shares in issue.

Total Voting Rights

For the purpose of the Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules, following the above issue of equity, the issued share capital of the Company will comprise 13,372,811 Ordinary Shares. The above figure may be used by shareholders as the denominator for the calculations by which they will determine if they are required to notify their interest in, or a change to their interest in, the Company, under the Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules.

Enquiries:

Arcontech Group plc	020 7256 2300
Geoff Wicks, Chairman and Non-Executive Director	
Matthew Jeffs, Chief Executive	
finnCap Ltd (Nomad & Broker)	020 7220 0500

Carl Holmes/Tim Harper Harriet Ward – ECM	
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To access more information on the Group please visit: www.arcontech.com

ARCONTECH GROUP PLC NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

If you will be attending the Annual General Meeting, please ensure you bring proof of identity and share ownership.

[Please click here to view details](#)

Arcontech Group PLC Annual Report 2021

[Please click here to view details](#)

Exercise of Options and PDMR

Shareholding

ARCONTECH GROUP PLC

("Arcontech", the "Company" or the "Group")

Exercise of Options and PDMR Shareholding

Arcontech

(AIM: ARC), the provider of products and services for real-time financial

market data processing and trading, announces the exercise of share

options by employees of the Company over 25,000 new ordinary shares of 12.5

pence each in the capital of the Company ("Ordinary Shares") at an

exercise price of 64.5 pence per share.

Of these, Louise Barton, Non-Executive

Director, exercised 20,000 ordinary shares in Arcontech at the exercise price.

Following this purchase, Louise Barton has a beneficial interest of 1,091,416 ordinary

shares in the Company representing 8.2% of the issued share capital.

Application has been made to the

London Stock Exchange for the 25,000 new Ordinary Shares to be admitted to

trading on AIM and admission is expected to occur on or around 8.00am 10 September

2021. The new Ordinary Shares will rank pari passu with the existing Ordinary

Shares in issue.

Total Voting Rights

For the purpose of the Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules, following the above issue of equity, the issued share capital of the Company will comprise 13,352,811 Ordinary Shares.

The above figure may be used by shareholders as the denominator for the calculations by which they will determine if they are required to notify their interest in, or a change to their interest in, the Company, under the Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules.

Enquiries:

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finnCap Ltd (Nomad & Broker)	020 7220 0500
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The information communicated in this announcement contains inside information for the purposes of Article 7 of the Market Abuse Regulation (EU) No. 596/2014.

1.	Details of the person discharging managerial responsibilities / person closely associated	
a)	Name	Louise Barton
2.	Reason for the Notification	
a)	Position/status	Non-Executive Director
b)	Initial notification/Amendment	Initial notification
3.	Details of the issuer, emission allowance market participant, auction platform, auctioneer or auction monitor	
a)	Name	Arcontech Group Plc
b)	LEI	21380007PM9V79TP7523
4.	Details of the transaction(s): section to be repeated for (i) each type of instrument; (ii) each type of transaction; (iii) each date; and (iv) each place where transactions have been conducted	

a)	Description of the Financial instrument, type of instrument	Ordinary shares of £0.125
Identification code	ARC GB00BDBBJZ03	
b)	Nature of the transaction	Exercise of Options
c)	Price(s) and volume(s)	Price(s) Volume(s) 64.5p 20,000
d)	Aggregated information: ·Aggregated volume ·Price	N/A – single transaction
e)	Date of the transaction(s)	6 September 2021
f)	Place of the transaction	London Stock Exchange (AIM)

Preliminary results for the year ending 30 June 2021

ARCONTECH GROUP PLC

(“Arcontech”, the “Company” or the “Group”)

Final Results for the year ended 30 June 2021

Arcontech (AIM: ARC), the provider of products and services for real-time financial market data processing and trading, is pleased to announce its final audited results for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Financial Highlights:

- Turnover increased by 1.1% to £2,988,842 (2020: £2,955,314)
- Profit before tax was £1,036,314 (2020: £1,040,969) – broadly flat on the previous year as expected
- Cash balances up 7.8% to £5,395,457 as at 30 June 2021 (30 June 2020: £5,006,969)
- Fully diluted earnings per share of 7.88p (2020: 9.22p restated)
- Final dividend increased 10% to 2.75 pence per share (2020: 2.5 pence per share)

Operational Highlights:

- Net sales impacted by pandemic
- Increased investment in sales and new product development
- Sales team has built a strong pipeline of near and mid-term prospects
- Continued cash generation and robust balance sheet and high proportion of recurring revenue

Commenting on the results, Geoff Wicks, Chairman and Non-Executive Director of Arcontech said:

“The future for our market remains uncertain and it may be

some time until it returns to previous levels of activity. We continue to work towards future sales and already have a high level of pent up demand with the strongest list of prospective new customers for a long time. However, due to the impact of Covid on net new sales in the 2020/21 financial year, this year's profit is expected to be flat or lower, as any pick up in revenue will not be fully reflected in our results until 2022/23. As the market comes out of this difficult period we are confident we will return to growth given the flexibility provided by our strong balance sheet and the strength of our customer relationships and product profile".

This announcement contains inside information for the purposes of Article 7 of the Market Abuse Regulation (EU) 596/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 ("MAR"), and is disclosed in accordance with the company's obligations under Article 17 of MAR.

Enquiries:

Arcontech Group plc	020 7256 2300
Geoff Wicks, Chairman and Non-Executive Director	
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finnCap Ltd (Nomad & Broker)	020 7220 0500
Carl Holmes/Tim HarperHarriet Ward – ECM	

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Chairman's Statement

Following my first full year as Chairman I am pleased to be

able to report that Arcontech has come through the pandemic so far in good shape. The Company closed the year with revenue and profit as expected in line with last year's performance. Profit before taxation was £1,036,314 (2020: £1,040,969) flat on last year. These figures include accruals no longer required which are unrelated to the underlying business amounting to £88,000 (2020: £86,500). After adjusting for release of these accruals, profit before taxation is £948,314 (2020: £954,469). This was achieved at the same time as maintaining our focus and investment on growing our sales and marketing capability, which will stand us in good stead as markets return to more normal conditions.

Turnover was £2,988,842 (2020: £2,955,314) up by £33,528 on last year. Our customers continue to be cautious and new projects have largely been shelved. During this period of inertia in the market our focus has been on maintaining a high level of service to our current customer base while continuing to build our list of potential customers. Our recurring revenue base of around 93% provides stability and visibility of earnings and has allowed us to continue with our growth strategy with confidence.

Our cost base has been managed to good effect although we have not reduced staff numbers nor did we furlough any staff as we continue to build relationships in the market and to make improvements to our products. Sales cycles have always been long for the Company and more recently decision making in our market segment is largely being postponed, although interest in our products and services is still growing.

Statutory earnings per share for the year to 30 June 2021 was 7.88p (2020: 9.22p), with the decline in earnings largely reflecting the lower tax credit. At 30 June 2021 the Group has tax losses of approximately £8,500,000 (2020: £8,900,000) to offset against future trading profits.

Financing

Cash balances were £5,395,457 (2020: £5,006,969) at the end of the year, an increase of 7.8%, providing a robust balance sheet overall. This is a reflection of the close attention paid to the management of our cost base and allows us to have confidence to continue with our progressive dividend policy and to continue to look at ways to grow the business through means other than organically.

Dividend

I am pleased to announce that, subject to approval at the Annual General Meeting, we intend to pay a dividend of 2.75 pence per share for the year ended 30 June 2021 (30 June 2020: 2.5 pence), an increase of 10%, to those shareholders on the register as at the close of business on 10 September 2021 with an ex-dividend date of 9 September 2021.

Employees

Our first thoughts through this trying period have been for the safety and well-being of our staff. We are fortunate that they have all been able to work from home and productivity has remained high. I am pleased that our staff have performed well during this period and I would like to thank them for all their hard work adapting to new working practices and technologies.

Outlook

The future for our market remains uncertain and it may be some time until it returns to previous levels of activity. We continue to work towards future sales and already have a high level of pent up demand, with the strongest list of prospective new customers for a long time. However, due to the impact of Covid on net new sales in the 2020/21 financial year, this year's profit is expected to be flat or lower, as any pick up in revenue will not be fully reflected in our results until 2022/23. As the market comes out of this difficult period we are confident we will return to growth

given the flexibility provided by our strong balance sheet and the strength of our customer relationships and product profile.

Geoff Wicks

Chairman

Chief Executive's Review

I am pleased to report that despite a year of uncertainty and caution that we have achieved our strategic and financial goals and at the same time, positioned the Company for continued stability and growth as normality returns to the market.

Cost control remained paramount within the context of investing in sales and despite the full year's impact of the two additional salesmen, statutory profit before tax remained broadly unchanged at £1,036,314 (2020: £1,040,969), equally, our preferred measure of profit before tax which excludes accruals unrelated to the underlying business, at £948,314 (£954,469).

In terms of business development, we won a brand new Tier 1 bank client, added new business with an existing Tier 1 bank to upgrade their system and integrate it with their in-house data feed but regrettably, lost a regional client whose requirements have changed. The number of end users for our desktop software solution and Excelerator numbers remained stable.

Development work for the year consisted of adding functionality in response to specific requests from existing clients, completing our newly developed alerting and monitoring capabilities to make them production ready and implementing the upgrade to our Unix system interface to the in-house system for one of our Tier 1 clients.

We also made significant progress developing two new offerings for existing and potential clients in the form of a data permissioning system and a tick history database. The new permissioning system rounds out our offering for a market-data platform so that we can offer wholesale replacement rather than select components, whilst the tick history database will enable us to address a related business case that operates in parallel with the areas we currently address.

The new software along with our existing systems are completely compatible with any deployment situation or combination of situations a client requires: on-premise, data centre co-location or with any cloud provider.

During the year our sales team has been focused on uncovering new opportunities. We have as a result identified and qualified prospects across 6 countries in which we do not currently have a presence. With an initial online relationship established we look forward to strengthening ties with face-to-face visits when possible. I should also note that the existing opportunities that were in our pipeline before the pandemic remain and as confirmed by the clients and prospective clients, have simply been deferred.

For existing clients our exceptional support continues to be a differentiator. We have helped several clients with projects initiated before the pandemic and continue to do so. At the same time we have helped with and resolved the usual day to day issues and queries for clients who are, in the main, also facing similar challenges of remote working and restricted travel and the Board and I are grateful to them.

Given the strength of our balance sheet we are taking a more proactive approach to potential opportunities in the market. We believe that there may be potential beneficial acquisitions to explore as a result of current market conditions.

In the new financial year we are continuing to support our

clients and we expect to gain from the armoury of new product functionality, two new product solutions and the expanded lead base. However, face-to-face contact is still difficult with prospects outside of the U.K. which continues to hamper the winning of new business. We expect this to change as vaccination programs roll out across the world, international travel resumes and clients return to offices.

Matthew Jeffs

Chief Executive

Strategic Report

The Directors present the group strategic report for Arcontech Group plc and its subsidiaries for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries during the year were the development and sale of proprietary software and provision of computer consultancy services.

Review of the business and prospects

A full review of the operations, financial position and prospects of the Group is given in the Chairman's Statement and Chief Executive's Review on pages 2 to 3.

Key performance indicators (KPIs)

The Directors monitor the business using management reports and information, reviewed and discussed at monthly Board meetings. Financial and non-financial KPIs used in this report include:

Financial KPIs:

Revenue	£2,988,842	(2020:	£2,955,314;	2019:
	£2,841,362)	Measurement:		

Revenue from sales made to all customers (excluding intra-group sales which eliminate on consolidation)

Performance:

Continued growth driven by increased sales of our product offering

Adjusted profit £959,110 (2020: £1,131,203; 2019: £835,248) Measurement:

Profit after tax and before release of accruals for administrative costs in respect of prior years

Performance:

Continued growth reflects increase in revenues whilst continuing to maintain tight cost control

Cash £5,395,457 (2020: £5,006,969; 2019: £4,063,484) Measurement:

Cash and cash equivalents held at the end of the year

Performance:

The Group continues to maintain healthy cash balances subject to any exceptional circumstances or acquisition opportunities

Earnings per share (basic) 7.88p (2020: 9.22; 2019: 7.51p) Measurement:

Earnings after tax divided by the weighted average number of shares

Performance:

Continued growth

Earnings per share (diluted) 7.79p (2020: 9.03p; 2019: 7.42p) Measurement:

Earnings after tax divided by the fully diluted number of shares

Performance:

Continued growth

Non-financial KPIs:

Staff retention rate (net) 93% (2020: 91%; 2019: 100%) Measurement:

Net retention after adjusting for joiners and leavers during the year

Performance:

Staff morale from our dedicated employees remains strong, reflected in the stable retention rate

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Group's performance is affected by a number of risks and uncertainties, which the Board monitor on an ongoing basis in order to identify, manage and minimise their possible impact. General risks and uncertainties include changes in economic conditions, interest rate fluctuations and the impact of competition. The Group's principal risk areas and the action taken to mitigate their outcome are shown below:

Risk area	Mitigation
Competition	Ongoing investment in research and development
	Responding to the changing needs of clients to remain competitive

Loss of key personnel	Employee share option scheme in place
Covid-19 pandemic	The Directors and employees are operating remotely in order to protect their health and safety
	At present the Company believes that there should be no significant material disruption to its work
Brexit	Arcontech is a global company and as such seeks growth across a geographically diverse customer base

Relations with shareholders

Section 172(1) Statement – Promotion of the Company for the benefit of the members as a whole

The Directors believe they have acted in the way most likely to promote the success of the Group for the benefit of its members as a whole, as required by s172 of the Companies Act 2006.

The requirements of s172 are for the Directors to:

- Consider the likely consequences of any decision in the long term;
- Act fairly between the members of the Company;
- Maintain a reputation for high standards of business conduct;
- Consider the interests of the Company's employees;
- Foster the Company's relationships with suppliers, customers and others; and

- Consider the impact of the Company's operations on the community and the environment.

The Group's operation is the development and sale of proprietary software and provision of computer consultancy services. The Board has identified its key stakeholders as its customers, shareholders, employees and suppliers. The Board keeps itself appraised of its key stakeholders' interests through a combination of both direct and indirect engagement, and the Board has regard to these interests when discharging its duties.

The application of the s172 requirements can be demonstrated in relation to some of the key decisions made during the year to 30 June 2021:

- Allocation of the Group's capital in a way which offers significant returns to shareholders in line with the Company's dividend policy, while also ensuring that the Group retains flexibility to continue to deploy capital towards profitable growth;
- Adapting a rapid response to the working location restrictions arising from the Covid-19 pandemic, ensuring that the Group continued to deliver both the high level of service and security that our customers depend on without compromising the health and safety of employees.

During the year to 30 June 2021, the Board assessed its current activities between the Board and its stakeholders, which demonstrated that the Board actively engages with its stakeholders and takes their various objectives into consideration when making decisions. Specifically, actions the Board has taken to engage with its stakeholders over the last twelve months include:

- Attended the 2020 AGM to answer questions and receive additional feedback from investors;

- Arranged meetings with certain stakeholders to provide them with updates on the Company's operational activities and other general corporate updates;
- We discussed feedback from investors' and analysts' meetings following the release of our annual and half-year announcements. We have an investor relations programme of meetings with existing and potential shareholders; and
- Monitored company culture and engaged with employees on efforts to continuously improve company culture and morale.

The Board believes that appropriate steps and considerations have been taken during the year so that each Director has an understanding of the various key stakeholders of the Company. The Board recognises its responsibility to contemplate all such stakeholder needs and concerns as part of its discussions, decision-making, and in the course of taking actions, and will continue to make stakeholder engagement a top priority in the coming years.

Approved on behalf of the board on 31 August 2021 by:

Matthew Jeffs	
Chief Executive	

Group Income Statement and Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2021

	Note			2021		2020
				£		£
Revenue	3			2,988,842		2,955,314
Administrative costs				(1,945,481)		(1,917,502)

Operating profit	4			1,043,361		1,037,812
Net finance (expense) / income	5			(7,047)		3,157
Profit before taxation				1,036,314		1,040,969
Taxation	9			10,796		176,734
Profit for the year after tax				1,047,110		1,217,703
Total comprehensive income for the year				1,047,110		1,217,703
Earnings per share (basic)	10			7.88p		9.22p
Adjusted* Earnings per share (basic)	10			7.22p		8.56p
Earnings per share (diluted)	10			7..79p		9.03p
Adjusted* Earnings per share (diluted)	10			7.14p		8.39p

*Adjusted to exclude the release of accruals for administrative costs of £88,000 (2020: £86,500) in respect of prior years.

All of the results relate to continuing operations.

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2021

Group:

	Sharecapital	Sharepremium	Share option reserve	Retainedearnings	Totalequity
	£	£	£	£	£
Balance at 30 June 2019	1,651,314	56,381	99,647	2,842,966	4,650,308

Profit for the year	–	–	–	1,217,703	1,217,703
Total comprehensive income for the year	–	–	–	1,217,703	1,217,703
Dividend paid	–	–	–	(263,591)	(263,591)
Share-based payments	–	–	98,428	–	98,428
Transfer between reserves	–	–	(9,436)	9,436	–
Balance at 30 June 2020	1,651,314	56,381	188,639	3,806,514	5,702,848
Profit for the year	–	–	–	1,047,110	1,047,110
Total comprehensive income for the year	–	–	–	1,047,110	1,047,110
Dividend paid	–	–	–	(333,594)	(333,594)
Exercise of options	14,663	35,979	–	–	50,642
Share-based payments	–	–	115,866	–	115,866
Transfer between reserves	–	–	(33,298)	33,298	–
Balance at 30 June 2021	1,665,977	92,360	271,207	4,553,329	6,582,873

Company:

	Sharecapital	Sharepremium	Share option reserve	Retainedearnings	Totalequity
	£	£	£	£	£
Balance at 30 June 2019	1,651,314	56,381	99,647	4,378,109	6,185,451
Profit for the year	–	–	–	326,348	326,348
Total comprehensive expense for the year	–	–	–	326,348	326,348
Dividend paid	–	–	–	(263,591)	(263,591)
Share-based payments	–	–	98,428	–	98,428
Transfer between reserves	–	–	(9,436)	9,436	–
Balance at 30 June 2020	1,651,314	56,381	188,639	4,450,302	6,346,636
Profit for the year	–	–	–	181,744	181,744
Total comprehensive income for the year	–	–	–	181,744	181,744
Dividend paid	–	–	–	(333,594)	(333,594)
Exercise of options	14,663	35,979	–	–	50,642
Share-based payments	–	–	115,866	–	115,866

Transfer between reserves	–	–	(33,298)	33,298	–
Balance as at 30 June 2021	1,665,977	92,360	271,207	4,331,751	6,361,295

Balance Sheet

As at 30 June 2021

Registered number: 04062416

		Group 2021 £		Group 2020£		Company 2021 £		Company 2020£
	Note							
Non-current assets								
Goodwill	11	1,715,153		1,715,153		–		–
Property, plant and equipment	12	11,147		19,316		–		–
Right of use asset	17	365,758		512,061		–		–
Investments in subsidiaries	13	–		–		2,017,471		2,017,471
Deferred tax asset	18	471,000		452,000		55,000		151,000
Trade and other receivables	14	141,750		141,750		–		–
Total non-current assets		2,704,809		2,840,280		2,072,471		2,168,471

Current assets							
Trade and other receivables	14	470,317		192,632		3,263,467	3,181,410
Cash and cash equivalents	15	5,395,457		5,006,969		1,077,741	1,146,700
Total current assets		5,865,774		5,199,601		4,341,208	4,328,110
Current liabilities							
Trade and other payables	16	(1,643,407)		(1,851,037)		(52,384)	(149,945)
Lease liabilities	17	(148,450)		(141,693)		—	—
Total current liabilities		(1,791,857)		(1,992,730)		(52,384)	(149,945)
Non-current liabilities							
Lease liabilities	17	(195,853)		(344,303)		—	—

Total Non-current liabilities		(195,853)	(344,303)	—	—
Net current assets		4,073,917	3,206,871	4,288,824	4,178,165
Net assets		6,582,873	5,702,848	6,361,295	6,346,636
Equity					
Called up share capital	19	1,665,977	1,651,314	1,665,977	1,651,314
Share premium account	20	92,360	56,381	92,360	56,381
Share option reserve	20	271,207	188,639	271,207	188,639
Retained earnings	20	4,553,329	3,806,514	4,331,751	4,450,302
		6,582,873	5,702,848	6,361,295	6,346,636

As permitted by s408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Company has not presented its own income statement. The parent Company profit for the year was £181,744 (2020: £326,348).

Approved on behalf of the board on 31 August by:

Matthew Jeffs	
Chief Executive	

Group Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 30 June 2021

	Note	2021		2020	
		£		£	

Cash generated from operations	22	809,559	1,315,421	
Tax (paid)/recovered		(8,204)	9,734	
Net cash generated from operating activities		801,355	1,325,155	
Investing activities				
Interest received		13,260	29,914	
Purchases of plant and equipment		(1,482)	(12,750)	
Net cash generated from investing activities		11,778	17,164	
Financing activities				
Proceeds from the issue of shares		50,642	—	
Dividend paid		(333,594)	(263,591)	
Payment of lease liabilities		(141,693)	(135,243)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(424,645)	(398,834)	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		388,488	943,485	

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		5,006,969		4,063,484	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	15	5,395,457		5,006,969	

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2021

1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the period covered by these financial statements except where changes have been noted below.

Reporting entity

Arcontech Group PLC ("the Company") is a company incorporated in England and Wales. The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group").

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") endorsed by the European Union and with those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS.

On the basis of current projections, confidence of future profitability and cash balances held, the Directors have adopted the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Going Concern

On the basis of current projections and having regard to the Group's existing cash reserves, the Directors consider that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. In reaching this conclusion the Directors have taken into account of downside conditions considered reasonably possible in changes in trading performance due to the impact of Covid-19. The Board has monitored business conditions caused by the Covid-19 pandemic and assessed its impact on the Group's performance over the last twelve months. The Group has been able to maintain its ability operate successfully with no major detrimental impact to performance being experienced. Although the board acknowledges that further virus waves could have a material impact on trading performance, the board notes the cushion provided by the strong net cash position and the ability to cut costs. Accordingly, the Directors have adopted the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements.

Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

a) New and amended Standards and Interpretations adopted by the Group and Company

No standards or Interpretations that came into effect for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2020 have had an impact on the Group.

b) New and amended Standards and Interpretations issued but not effective for the financial year beginning 1 July 2020

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the following standards and interpretations which have not been applied in these financial statements were in issue but not yet effective (and in some cases had not been adopted by the UK):

– Amendments to References to Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards – effective from 1 January 2020

- Definition of Material (Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8) – effective from 1 January 2020
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 17: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – effective from 1 January 2020
- Amendment to IFRS 3 Business Combinations – effective 1 January 2020
- Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current – effective 1 January 2023*
- Amendments to IFRS 3: Business Combinations – Reference to the Conceptual Framework – effective 1 January 2022*
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 3, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 – effective from 1 January 2021
- Amendments to IAS 16: Property, Plant & Equipment – effective 1 January 2022*
- Amendments to IAS 37: Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets – effective 1 January 2022*
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020 Cycle – effective 1 January 2022*
- Amendments to IAS 1: Presentation of Financial Statements and IFRS Practice Statement 2: Disclosure of Accounting Policies – effective 1 January 2023*
- Amendments to IAS 8: Accounting policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors – Definition of Accounting Estimates – effective 1 January 2023*
- Amendments to IFRS 16: Leases – Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 – effective 1 April 2021

– Amendments to IAS 12: Income Taxes – Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction – effective 1 January 2023*

**subject to UK endorsement*

The new and amended Standards and Interpretations which are in issue but not yet mandatorily effective is not expected to be material.

Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries) prepared to 30 June 2021. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if, and only if, the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders

of the investee.

- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements.
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary. The acquisition method is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Business combinations and goodwill

On acquisition, the assets and liabilities and contingent liabilities of subsidiaries are measured at their fair value at the date of acquisition. Any excess of cost of acquisition over the fair values of the identifiable net assets acquired is recognised as goodwill. Any deficiency of the cost of acquisition below the fair values of the identifiable net assets acquired (i.e. discount on acquisition) is credited to the income statement in the period of acquisition. Goodwill arising on consolidation is recognised as an asset and reviewed for impairment at least annually. Any impairment is recognised immediately in the income statement and is not subsequently reversed.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the transfer of promised services to customers (i.e. when the customer gains control of the service) and is measured as the consideration which the group expects to be entitled to in exchange for

those services. Consideration is typically fixed on the agreement of a contract except for quarterly flexible license contracts. Payment terms are agreed on a contract by contract basis.

A service is distinct if the customer can benefit from the service on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer and the entity's promise to transfer the service to the customer is separately identifiable from other promises in the contract.

Contracts with customers do not contain a financing component.

Under IFRS 15, revenue earned from contracts with customers is recognised based on a five-step model which requires the transaction price for each identified contract to be apportioned to separate performance obligations arising under the contract and recognised either when the performance obligation in the contract has been performed (point in time recognition) or over time as control of the performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

The group recognises revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised service to the customer as follows:

- Revenue from recurring license fees and other license fees is recognised on an over time basis via a straight line across the period the services are provided. In reaching this conclusion the group has assessed that ongoing contractual obligations are not separately identifiable from other promises in the contract and are not distinct from the licence, and hence are accounted for as a single performance obligation. As the license is not distinct the combined performance obligation is recognised over time.

In assessing whether a licence is distinct the Group considered the continuing requirement to:-

- optimise functionality;
 - optimise performance; and
 - provide enhancements to ensure user regulatory compliance.
-
- Revenue from flexible license contracts that include variable consideration are quarterly contracts assessed at the end of each calendar quarter and revenue is recognised based on actual usage confirmed for that quarter at the point of customer acceptance,
 - Revenue from project work is recognised on satisfactory completion of each project, as this is considered to be the point in time the customer gains control over the results of the project work.

Taxation

The tax charge/(credit) represents the sum of the tax payable/(receivable) and any deferred tax.

Research and development tax credits are recognised when received.

The tax payable/(receivable) is based on the taxable result for the year. The taxable result differs from the net result as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled, or the asset realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Share-based payments

The cost of share-based employee compensation arrangements, whereby employees receive remuneration in the form of shares or share options, is recognised as an employee benefit expense

in the income statement.

The total expense to be apportioned over the vesting period of the benefit is determined by reference to the fair value (excluding the effect of non-market based vesting conditions) at the date of grant. Fair value is measured by the use of the Black-Scholes model. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of the non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations. A cancellation of a share award by the Group or an employee is treated consistently, resulting in an acceleration of the remaining charge within the consolidated income statement in the year of cancellation.

Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's and Company's tangible and intangible assets are reviewed at each year end date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Expenses incurred on Research & Development are currently expensed through the income statement as the expenditure is incurred on the maintenance and enhancement of existing products. The applicability of this treatment is reviewed regularly by the Company.

For goodwill, the recoverable amount is estimated at each year end date, based on value in use. The recoverable amount of other assets is the greater of their net selling price and value in use.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash

inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to cash-generating units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit on a pro rata basis.

A cash generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any recognised impairment loss.

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, over their estimated useful lives, on the following bases:

Leasehold property	– over the period of the lease
Computer equipment	– 33% – 40% on cost
Office furniture and equipment	– 20% – 25% on cost or reducing balance

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any provision for impairment.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets

The Group does not hold any investments other than investments in subsidiaries.

Trade receivables are held in order to collect the contractual cash flows and are initially measured at the transaction price as defined in IFRS 15, as the contracts of the Group do not contain significant financing components. Impairment losses are recognised based on lifetime expected credit losses in profit or loss.

Other receivables are held in order to collect the contractual cash flows and accordingly are measured at initial recognition at fair value, which ordinarily equates to cost and are subsequently measured at cost less impairment due to their short-term nature. A provision for impairment is established based on 12-month expected credit losses unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk when lifetime expected credit losses are recognised. The amount of any provision is recognised in the income statement.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Effective interest rate method

The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or liability and allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(a) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through OCI or through profit or loss); and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will be recorded either in profit or loss or in OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). See Note 16 for further details.

(b) Recognition

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade date (that is, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset). Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has

transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

(c) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Debt instruments

Amortised cost; Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows, where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as a separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

(d) Impairment

From 1 January 2018, the Group assesses, on a forward-looking basis, the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- Variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- Amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- The exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the

lease period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost which comprises the following:

- The amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- Any initial direct costs; and
- Restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases (term less than 12 months) and all leases of low-value assets (generally less than £4k) are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation, legal or constructive, resulting from past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the obligation.

Research and development

Research costs are charged to the income statement in the year incurred. Development expenditure is capitalised to the extent that it meets all of the criteria required by IAS 38, otherwise it is charged to the income statement in the year

incurred.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The Group makes payments to occupational and employees' personal pension schemes. Contributions payable for the year are charged in the income statement.

Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rate ruling when the transaction was entered into. Where consideration is received in advance of revenue being recognised the date of the transaction reflects the date the consideration is received. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated into sterling at the exchange rate ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses are included in operating profit.

Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker as required by IFRS 8 "Operating Segments". The chief operating decision-maker responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments has been identified as the Board of Directors. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are consistent with the accounting policies of the group as a whole. Segment profit/(loss) represents the profit/(loss) earned by each segment without allocation of foreign exchange gains or losses, investment income, interest payable and tax. This is the measure of profit that is reported to the Board of Directors for the purpose of resource allocation and the assessment of segment performance. When assessing segment performance and considering the allocation of resources, the Board of Directors review information about segment assets and liabilities. For this purpose, all assets and liabilities are

allocated to reportable segments with the exception of cash and cash equivalents and current and deferred tax assets and liabilities.

2. Critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting practice requires management to make estimates and judgements that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Judgements

Determination of performance obligations and satisfaction thereof

For the purposes of recognising revenue, the Directors are required to identify distinct services in contracts and allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations. Details of determining performance obligations, passing of control and amounts recognised as costs incurred to obtain or fulfil a contract are given in Note 1 – Revenue recognition.

Capitalisation of development costs

As described in Note 1, the Group capitalises development costs when certain criteria are met including the probability of relevant future economic benefits. The directors have assessed the likelihood of relevant future economic benefits and have judged it appropriate to not capitalise any

development costs (2020 – £Nil).

Estimates

Impairment of non-current assets

Determining whether non-current assets are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash generating units to which non-current assets have been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. No provision for impairment was made in the year to the carrying value of goodwill (see *note 11*) or investments in subsidiaries (see *note 13*).

Recognition of deferred tax assets

As described in Note 1, the Group recognises deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses when certain criteria are met including the probability that future relevant taxable profits will be available. The directors have assessed the likelihood of future taxable profits being available and have judged it appropriate to recognise deferred tax assets for unused losses. At the year-end a deferred tax asset of £471,000 (2020 – £452,000) was recognised.

Share based payment transactions

The Company has made awards of options and over its unissued share capital to certain Directors and employees as part of their remuneration package.

The valuation of these options involves making a number of critical estimates relating to price volatility, future dividend yields, expected life of the options and forfeiture rates. These assumptions have been described in more detail in Note 19.

3. Revenue

An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Software development, licence fees and project work	2,988,842	2,955,315

All of the Group's revenue relates to continuing activities.

4. Operating profit for the year is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2021 £	2020 £
Depreciation of plant and equipment (see note 12)	9,651	8,444
Depreciation of leased assets (see note 17)	146,303	146,303
Interest on leased assets (see note 17)	20,307	26,757
Staff costs (see note 8)	1,491,063	1,401,227
Research and development	506,893	468,680
Release of accruals for administrative costs in respect of prior years	(88,000)	(86,500)

5. Finance income and Finance costs:

	2021 £	2020 £
Finance income		
Income on cash and cash equivalents	13,260	29,914
Finance costs		
Lease interest expense	(20,307)	(26,757)

Net finance (expense) / income	(7,047)	3,157
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6. Auditor's remuneration:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual accounts	29,750	28,750
Fees payable to the Group's auditor for other services:		
– audit of the Company's subsidiaries	6,000	6,000

7. Operating segments:

The Group reports internally to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM), who is considered to be the Board. Intersegment license fees and management charges are not included in the reports reviewed by the CODM during the year but are calculated for statutory reporting purposes and therefore are excluded from the following revenue and operating profit disclosures.

	2021	2020
	£	£
Revenue by segment		
Software development and licence fees	2,988,842	2,955,315
External segment revenue	2,988,842	2,955,315
Operating profit by segment		
Software development and licence fees	1,468,132	1,575,029

Unallocated overheads		(445,078)		(563,976)	
Total operating profit		1,023,054		1,011,053	
Finance income		13,260		29,916	
Total profit before tax as reported in the Group income statement		1,036,314		1,040,969	
			2021		2020
			£		£
Segment total of assets					
Software development and licence fees		7,337,340		6,514,118	
Unallocated assets		4,492,208		4,533,110	
		11,829,548		11,047,228	
Less intercompany debtors		(3,258,968)		(3,174,349)	
Total assets		8,570,580		7,872,879	
			2021		2020
			£		£
Segment total of liabilities					
Software development and licence fees		5,193,528		5,360,835	
Unallocated liabilities		53,150		150,546	
		5,246,678		5,511,381	

Less intercompany creditors		(3,258,968)		(3,174,349)	
Total liabilities		1,987,710		2,337,032	
			2021	2020	
			£	£	
Additions of property, plant and equipment assets by segment					
Software development and licence fees			1,482	12,750	
Total additions			1,482	12,750	
			2021	2020	
			£	£	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment assets recognised in the period by segment					
Software development and licence fees			9,651	8,444	
Total depreciation			9,651	8,444	
Non-current assets by country		2021	2020		
		£	£		
UK		2,704,809	2,840,280		
Total non-current assets		2,704,809	2,840,280		
Geographical information – External revenue		2021	2020		
		£	£		
UK		2,065,903	2,000,457		
Europe (excluding UK)		771,541	821,193		
Africa		42,500	45,000		
North America		83,637	78,177		

Australia		11,838		4,267	
Asia Pacific		13,423		6,221	
		2,988,842		2,955,315	

During the year there were 3 customers (2020: 4) who accounted for more than 10% of the Group's revenues as follows:

	2020		2020		
	Value of sales £	% of Total		Value of sales£	% of Total
Customer 1	668,122	22%		659,327	22%
Customer 2	522,149	17%		516,605	17%
Customer 3	375,168	13%		371,536	13%
Customer 4	—	—		300,696	10%
	1,565,439	52%		1,848,164	62%

These revenues are attributable to the software development and licence fees segment.

8. Staff costs:

	2021£	2020£		
a) Aggregate staff costs, including Directors' remuneration				
Wages and salaries	1,206,748	1,139,695		
Social security costs	144,131	140,611		
Pension contributions	24,318	22,493		
Share-based payments	115,866	98,428		
	1,491,063	1,401,227		
b) The average number of employees (including executive Directors) was:				
Sales and administration		6		5

Development and support				11		11	
				17		16	
		£		£			
c) Directors' emoluments							
Short-term employee benefits		232,352		312,902			
Pension contributions		5,250		5,428			
Share-based payments		63,030		57,432			
		300,632		375,762			
Social security costs		49,351		37,536			
Key management personnel compensation		349,983		413,298			

Directors' emoluments represent the staff costs of the parent company.

The average number of employees of the parent company is 3 (2020: 3)

The highest paid Director received remuneration of £186,178 (2020: £250,166).

The number of Directors that are members of a defined contribution pension scheme is 1 (2020: 1). Pension contributions paid to a defined contribution scheme in respect of the highest paid Director amounted to £5,250 (2020: £5,100).

9. Taxation

		2021		2020	
		£		£	
Current tax		(8,204)		9,734	
Deferred tax		19,000		167,000	
Total tax credit for the year		10,796		176,734	

The difference between the total tax credit shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK

corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows:

	2021£	2020£
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,036,314	1,040,969
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19 % (2019: 19%)	196,900	197,784
Effects of:		
Disallowed expenses	97	416
Temporary differences on deferred tax	1,457	1,255
Income taxes paid	8,204	–
Research and development tax credits	–	(9,734)
Deferred tax asset not previously recognised	(19,000)	(167,000)
Brought forward losses utilised/loss for the year carried forward	(198,454)	(199,455)
Total tax credit for the year	(10,796)	(176,734)

Factors which may affect future tax charges

At 30 June 2021 the Group has tax losses of approximately £8,500,000 (2020: £8,900,000) to offset against future trading profits.

10. Earnings per share

		2021		2020	
		£		£	
Earnings					
Earnings for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share being net profit attributable to equity shareholders		1,047,110		1,217,703	
		1,047,110		1,217,703	
		No.		No.	
Number of shares					
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share		13,290,672		13,210,510	
Number of dilutive shares under option		143,168		268,484	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of diluted earnings per share		13,433,840		13,478,994	

The calculation of diluted earnings per share assumes conversion of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares, all of which arise from share options. A calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value, based upon the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options.

11. Goodwill

		2021		2020	
--	--	------	--	------	--

		£		£	
Cost and net book amount					
At 1 July 2020 and at 30 June 2021		1,715,153		1,715,153	

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated at acquisition, to the cash generating units (CGUs) that are expected to benefit from that business combination. The carrying amount of goodwill has been allocated as follows:

		2021		2020	
		£		£	
Arcontech Limited		1,715,153		1,715,153	
		1,715,153		1,715,153	

The CGU used in these calculations is Arcontech Limited. The group tests goodwill annually for impairment or more frequently if there are indications that goodwill might be impaired. The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined from value in use calculations. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and expected changes to selling prices and direct costs during the period. The discount rate is estimated using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs. Long-term growth rates are based on industry growth forecasts. Changes in selling prices are based on past practices and expectations of future changes in the market. Changes in direct costs are based on expected cost of inflation of 2.5% and 1.8% after year 5.

Cashflow forecasts are based on the latest financial budgets and extrapolate the cashflows for the next five years based on an estimated growth in revenue representing an average rate of 5% (2020: 5%) per annum, after which the UK long-term growth rate of 1.8% is applied. The Directors consider that this rate is appropriate, given the level of new contracts achieved

during the year. Fluctuation in revenue is the most sensitive of assumptions. Should revenue fall by more than an average of 5% per annum then this could result in the value of goodwill being impaired.

As the Group does not have any borrowings, the rate used to discount all the forecast cash flows is 8.8% (2020: 8.8%), which represents the Group's cost of capital.

Goodwill on the purchase of Arcontech Limited is attributable to the operating synergies that have arisen as a result of the combination.

12. Property, plant and equipment – Group

		Leasehold Property		Office furniture & equipment		Total	
Cost		£		£		£	
At 1 July 2019		26,199		129,469		155,668	
Additions		–		12,749		12,749	
At 1 July 2020		26,199		142,218		168,417	
Additions		–		1,482		1,482	
At 30 June 2021		26,199		143,700		169,899	
Depreciation							
At 1 July 2019		19,136		121,521		140,657	

Charge for the year		1,461		6,983		8,444	
At 1 July 2020		20,597		128,504		149,101	
Charge for the year		1,461		8,190		9,651	
At 30 June 2021		22,058		136,694		158,752	
Net book amount at 30 June 2021		4,141		7,008		11,147	
Net book amount at 30 June 2020		5,602		13,714		19,316	

13. Investment in subsidiaries

		2021		2020	
		£		£	
Carrying amount					
At 1 July 2020		2,017,471		2,017,471	
Provisions written back		–		–	
Amounts written off		–		–	
At 30 June 2021		2,017,471		2,017,471	

Details of the investments in which the Group and the Company holds 20% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital are listed below. The Goodwill recognised in Note 11 is in connection with investments made in subsidiaries:

	Country of Incorporation	Address	Nature of business	Ordinary shares held
--	---------------------------------	----------------	---------------------------	-----------------------------

Arcontech Solutions Limited	England	11-21 Paul Street, London EC2A 4JU	Dormant	100%
Cognita Technologies Limited	England	11-21 Paul Street, London EC2A 4JU	Software development	100%
Arcontech Limited	England	11-21 Paul Street, London EC2A 4JU	Software development and consultancy	100%

14. Trade and other receivables

	Group 2021 £		Group 2020£		Company 2021 £		Company 2020 £	
Due within one year:								
Trade and other receivables	330,740		38,162		—		—	
Amounts owed by group undertakings	—		—		3,258,868		3,174,150	
Prepayments and accrued income	139,577		154,470		4,599		7,160	

	470,317		192,632		3,263,467		3,181,310	
	Group 2021 £		Group 2020£		Company 2021 £		Company 2020 £	
Due after more than one year:								
Other receivables	141,750		141,750		–		–	
	141,750		141,750		–		–	

Trade receivables, which are the only financial assets at amortised cost, are non-interest bearing and generally have a 30-90 day term. Due to their short maturities, the carrying amount of trade and other receivables is a reasonable approximation of their fair value. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established using an expected loss model. Expected loss is calculated from a provision based on the expected lifetime default rates and estimates of loss on default.

As at 30 June 2021, trade receivables of £Nil were impaired (2020: £Nil) and during the year an impairment charge relating to trade receivables of £Nil (2020: £Nil) was recognised. As at 30 June 2021 trade receivables of £100,469 (2020: £792) were past due but not impaired. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

	Group 2021 £		Group 2020£		Company 2021 £		Company 2020 £	
Up to 3 months past due	100,469		792		–		–	

3 to 6 months past due	–		–		–		–	
	100,469		792		–		–	

15. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. The Directors consider that the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates to their fair value.

16. Trade and other payables

	Group 2021 £		Group 2020 £		Company 2021 £		Company 2020 £	
Trade payables	52,881		76,765		4,155		21,199	
Amounts owed to group undertakings	–		–		100		100	
Other tax and social security payable	113,083		52,033		8,844		10,475	
Other payables and accruals*	388,137		527,109		39,285		118,171	
Deferred income	1,089,306		1,195,130		–		–	
	1,643,407		1,851,037		52,384		149,945	

The Directors consider that the carrying amount of trade and other payables approximates to their fair value.

Trade payables and other payables and accruals constitute the financial liabilities within the category “Financial liabilities at amortised cost” with a total value of £441,018 (2020: £603,874).

*Other payables and Accruals includes a provision for dilapidations for the Office premises of £50,000 (2019: £50,000). Refer to note 1 for the Accounting Policy for Provisions.

17. Leases

Under IFRS 16, the Group recognises right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases on its balance sheet. The only lease applicable under IFRS 16 is the Group’s office.

The key impacts on the Statement of Comprehensive Income and the Statement of Financial Position are as follows:

As at 30 June 2021			Lease liability£		Right of use asset£		Income statement£
Carrying value at 30 June 2020			(485,996)		512,061		–
Depreciation			–		(146,303)		(146,303)
Interest			(20,307)		–		(20,307)
Lease payments			162,000		–		–
Carrying value at 30 June 2021			(344,303)		365,758		(166,610)
As at 30 June 2020	Prepayments £		Lease liability£		Right of use asset£		Income statement£

Balance on transition (1 July 2019)	37,125		–		–		–
Recognised on adoption of IFRS 16	(37,125)		(621,239)		658,364		–
Depreciation	–		–		(146,303)		(146,303)
Interest	–		(26,757)		–		(26,757)
Lease payments	–		162,000		–		–
Carrying value at 30 June 2020	–		(485,996)		512,061		(173,060)
Contractual maturity analysis of lease liabilities as at 30 June 2021							
	Less than 3 months£	3 – 12 Months£	1 – 5 Year£	Longer than 5 years£	Total£		
Lease liabilities	40,500	121,500	202,800	–	364,800		

18. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using the tax rate of 17% which came into effect from 1 April 2020. The movement on the deferred tax account is as shown below:

	Group 2021 £		Group 2020 £		Company 2021 £		Company 2020 £	
At 1 July	452,000		285,000		151,000		125,000	
Tax credit recognised in group income statement	19,000		167,000		(96,000)		26,000	
At 30 June	471,000		452,000		55,000		151,000	

The deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to forecast taxable profits which are considered probable.

Losses to offset against future trading profits at 30 June 2021 amounted to approximately £8,500,000 (2020: £8,900,000).

19. Share capital

Company		2021 £		2020 £	
Allotted and fully paid:					
13,327,811 (2020: 13,210,510) Ordinary shares of 12.5p each		1,665,976		1,651,314	

Share options

Under the Company's approved 2002 Share Option Scheme, certain Directors and employees held options at 30 June 2021 for unissued Ordinary Shares of 12.5 pence each as follows:

Share options	At 1 July 2020	Granted	Exercised	Forfeited	At 30 June 2021	Exercise price	Normal exercise period
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Employees:	80,000	–	(80,000)	–	–	23.75 pence	1 Sep 17 – 31 Aug 21
	125,000	–	–	–	125,000	64.50 pence	25 Apr 20 – 24 Apr 27
	50,000	–	–	–	50,000	110.00 pence	30 Jun 21 – 29 Jun 28
	55,000	–	–	–	55,000	196.00 pence	30- Jun 22 – 27 Sep 29
	–	75,000	–	–	75,000	164.50 pence	30 Jun 23 – 2 Oct 30
Directors:							
Michael Levy	20,635	–	(20,635)	–	–	64.50 pence	25 Apr 20 – 24 Apr 27
	16,666	–	(16,666)	–	–	110.00 pence	30 Jun 21 – 29 Jun 28
	555	–	–	(555)	–	196.00 pence	30- Jun 22 – 27 Sep 29
Richard Last	24,762	–	–	–	24,762	64.50 pence	25 Apr 20 – 24 Apr 27
Geoff Wicks	–	30,000	–	–	30,000	164.50 pence	30 Jun 23 – 2 Oct 30

Louise Barton	40,000	–	–	–	40,000	23.75 pence	1 Sep 17 – 31 Aug 21
	20,000	–	–	–	20,000	64.50 pence	25 Apr 20 – 24 Apr 27
Matthew Jeffs	100,000	–	–	–	100,000	110.00 pence	30 Jun 21 – 29 Jun 28
	50,000	–	–	–	50,000	196.00 pence	30- Jun 22 – 27 Sep 29
	–	50,000	–	–	50,000	164.50 pence	30 Jun 23 – 2 Oct 30
Total	582,618	155,000	(117,301)	(555)	619,762		
Weighted average exercise price	92.9 pence	164.5 pence	43.2 pence	196.0 pence	120.2 pence		

The number of options exercisable at 30 June 2021 was 359,762 (At 30 June 2020: 310,397), these had a weighted average exercise price of 78.9 pence (2020: 128.98 pence).

The weighted average share price as at the exercise date of the shares exercised in the year was 43.2 pence (2020: Nil pence and of the shares were forfeited in the year was 196.0 pence (2020: 64.5).

Options granted under the Company's approved 2002 Share Option Scheme are forfeited when the Option holder ceases to be a Director or employee of a Participating Company. The Directors may before the expiry of 3 months following cessation of

employment permit an Option holder to exercise their Option within a period ending no later than 12 months from the cessation of employment.

The highest price of the Company's shares during the year was 209.0 pence, the lowest price was 147.5 pence and the price at the year-end was 165.0 pence.

The weighted average remaining contractual life of share options outstanding at 30 June 2021 was 7 years (2020: 6 years).

Share-based payments

The Group operates an approved Share Option Scheme for the benefit of Directors and employees. Options are granted to acquire shares at a specified exercise price at any time following but no later than 10 years after the grant date. There are no performance conditions on the exercise of the options granted prior to 1 July 2018. The performance conditions of those granted after 1 July 2018 which apply to executive directors and certain key staff, are set out below.

The options issued in November 2018, September 2019 and in October 2020 will be exercisable from 30 June 2021, 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2023 respectively, dependent on the Company's compound annual rate of growth in fully diluted earnings* for the three financial years ending 30 June 2021, 2022 and 2023, respectively.

Options issued date	Exercisable from	Dependent on the Company's compound annual rate of growth in fully diluted earnings* for the three financial years ending
November 2018	30 June 2021	30 June 2021
September 2019	30 June 2022	30 June 2022
October 2020	30 June 2023	30 June 2023

The Options will vest subject to performance criteria as follows:

- compound annual earnings growth of 10% or more – fully vested (100%);
- compound annual earnings growth between 5%-10% – partial vesting between 0% and 100% on a sliding scale; and
- compound annual earnings growth of 5% and below – nil.

Any Ordinary Shares arising from the vesting of Options must be held for a period of two years after vesting.

* Fully diluted earnings will be based on: (a) the Company's pre-tax profit excluding exceptional items and the share option charge and (b) the current UK corporation tax rate of 19%, such that the fully diluted earnings calculation takes no account of R&D and deferred tax credits. For the purposes of the fully diluted earnings calculation, the applied rate of corporation tax will remain constant at 19% irrespective of any current or future changes to corporation tax.

The fair value of options is valued using the Black-Scholes pricing model. An expense of £115,866 (2019: £98,428) has been recognised in the period in respect of share options granted. The cumulative share option reserve at 30 June 2021 is £271,207 (2020: £188,639).

The inputs into the Black-Scholes pricing model are as follows:

Directors & Employees					
Grant date	1 Sep 2014	25 Apr 2017	29 Nov 2018	27 Sep 2019	2 Oct 2020

Exercise price	23.75 pence	64.5 pence	110.0 pence	196.0 pence	164.5 pence
Expected life	6 years	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years
Expected volatility	65%	50%	50%	50%	49%
Risk free rate of interest	0.5%	0.5%	0.75%	0.75%	0.00%
Dividend yield	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.01%
Fair value of option	19.64 pence	36.7 pence	57.0 pence	115.0 pence	91.92 pence

Volatility has been estimated based on the historic volatility over a period equal to the expected term from the grant date.

20. Reserves

Details of the movements in reserves are set out in the Statement of Changes in Equity. A description of each reserve is set out below.

Share premium account

This is used to record the aggregate amount or value of premiums paid when the Company's shares are issued at a premium, net of issue costs, less amounts cancelled by court order.

Share option reserve

This relates to the fair value of options granted which has been charged to the income statement over the vesting period of the options, less amounts transferred to retained earnings.

Retained earnings

This relates to accumulated profits and losses together with distributable reserves arising from capital reductions, less amounts distributed to shareholders.

21. Income statement

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption provided under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 not to publish its individual income statement and related notes.

22. Net cash generated from operations – Group

	2021		2020
	£		£
Operating profit	1,043,361		1,037,812
Depreciation charge	155,954		154,747
Non cash share option charges	115,867		98,428
Lease interest paid	(20,307)		(26,757)
Adjustment for IFRS 16	–		(37,125)
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	(277,686)		71,244
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(207,630)		17,072
Cash generated from operations	809,559		1,315,421

Net cash generated from operations – Company

	2021		2020
	£		£
Operating profit	274,671		289,274
Non cash share option charges	115,867		98,428
Increase in trade and other receivables	(82,057)		(107,891)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(97,561)		40,651
Cash generated by/(used in) operations	210,920		320,462

23. Related party transactions

Group

Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties, have been eliminated on consolidation and are disclosed in this part of the note.

Key management compensation

Key management are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, controlling and directing the activities of the Group. In the opinion of the Board, the Group's key management are the Directors of Arcontech Group PLC. Information regarding their compensation is given in notes 8 and 19 for each of the categories specified in IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures*. All emoluments given in notes 8 and 19 relate to short-term employee benefits and there are no post-employment or other long-term benefits.

The financial statements include the following amounts in respect of services provided to the Group:

Company

Transactions between the Parent Company and its subsidiaries during the year were as follows:

Management charges payable by subsidiaries £534,094 (2020: £670,640).

The amounts due from/to subsidiaries at the balance sheet date were as follows:

		2021 £		2020 £	
Amount due from subsidiaries		7,223,539		7,324,474	
Less: Provision for impairment		(3,964,671)		(4,150,324)	
Amount due from subsidiaries – net		3,258,868		3,174,150	

During the year a provision of £185,654 was released (2020: £177,500) in respect of balances due from subsidiaries.

		2021 £		2020 £	
Amount due to subsidiaries		670,640		670,640	
		670,640		670,640	

24. Dividends

A final dividend of 2.75 pence will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting but has not been recognised as it requires approval (2020: 2.5 pence).

25. Material non-cash transactions

There were no material non-cash transactions during the period.

26. Financial instruments

The Group's financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents, and items such as trade payables and trade receivables, which arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to provide finance for the Group's operations.

The Group's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks including credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. Given the size of the Group, the Directors have not delegated the responsibility of monitoring financial risk management to a sub-committee of the Board. The policies set by the Board of Directors are implemented by the Company's finance department.

Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. The Group has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential customers before sales are made. The amount of exposure to any individual counterparty is subject to a limit, which is reassessed annually by the Board. Trade receivables are considered in default and subject to additional credit control procedures when they are more than 30 days past due in line with industry practice. Trade receivables are only written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery due to insolvency of the debtor.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	Group 2021 £		Group 2020 £		Company 2021 £		Company 2020£	
Trade receivables	330,740		38,162		–		–	
Cash and cash equivalents	5,395,457		5,006,969		1,077,741		1,146,700	
Amounts owed by group undertakings	–		–		3,258,868		3,174,250	
	5,726,197		5,045,131		4,336,609		4,320,950	

Interest rate risk

The Group has interest bearing assets and no interest-bearing liabilities. Interest bearing assets comprise only cash and cash equivalents, which earn interest at a variable rate.

The Group has not entered into any derivative transactions during the period under review.

The Group does not have any borrowings.

The Group's cash and cash equivalents earned interest at variable rates, between 0.15% below bank base rate and 0.5% above bank base rate and at fixed/variable rates of between 0.25% and 1.50% (2020: 0.30% below bank base rate and 0.6% above bank base rate and at fixed/variable rates of between 0.35% and 1.85%).

Liquidity risk

The Group has no short-term debt finance. The Group monitors its levels of working capital to ensure that it can meet its liabilities as they fall due.

The Group's only financial liabilities comprise trade payables and other payables and accruals, excluding deferred income, with a carrying value equal to the gross cash flows payable of £441,018 (2020: £603,874) all of which are payable within 6 months.

Market risk and sensitivity analysis

Equity price risk

The Directors do not consider themselves exposed to material equity price risk due to the nature of the Group's operations.

Foreign currency exchange risk

The Directors do not consider themselves exposed to material foreign currency risk due to the nature of the Group's operations. All invoices are raised in sterling.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk as a result of positive cash balances, denominated in sterling, which earn interest at variable and fixed rates. As at 30 June 2021, if bank base rate had increased by 0.5% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit would have been £26,977 (2020: £25,035) higher and equity would have been £26,977 (2020: £25,035) higher. Conversely, if bank base rate had fallen 0.5% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit would have been £26,977 (2019: £25,035) lower and equity would have been £26,977 (2019: £25,035) lower.

27. Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and maintain an optimal capital structure.

The Group defines capital as being share capital plus

reserves. The Board of Directors continually monitors the level of capital.

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

28. Ultimate controlling party

There is no ultimate controlling party.

29. Copies of this statement

Copies of this statement are available from the Company Secretary at the Company's registered office at 1st Floor, 11-21 Paul Street, London, EC2A 4JU or from the Company's website at www.arcontech.com.

Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meeting of Arcontech Group PLC will be held at the Company's offices, 1st Floor, 11-21 Paul Street, London EC2A 4JU on 1 October 2021 at 10.00 a.m.

Annual report and accounts

Copies of the annual report and accounts will be sent to shareholders shortly and will be available from the Company Secretary at the Company's registered office at 1st Floor, 11-21 Paul Street, London, EC2A 4JU or from the Company's website at www.arcontech.com.

Notifications major interests

shares TR1

TR-1: Standard form for notification of major holdings

NOTIFICATION OF MAJOR HOLDINGS (to be sent to the relevant issuer and to the FCA in Microsoft Word format if possible) ⁱ		
1a. Identity of the issuer or the underlying issuer of existing shares to which voting rights are attachedⁱⁱ:	Arcontech Group plc	
1b. Please indicate if the issuer is a non-UK issuer (please mark with an "X" if appropriate)		
Non-UK issuer		
2. Reason for the notification (please mark the appropriate box or boxes with an "X")		
An acquisition or disposal of voting rights	x	
An acquisition or disposal of financial instruments		
An event changing the breakdown of voting rights		

Other (please specify) ⁱⁱⁱ :	
3. Details of person subject to the notification obligation^{iv}	
Name	Leon David Boros and Susan Ann Dingley and PCAs
City and country of registered office (if applicable)	
4. Full name of shareholder(s) (if different from 3.)^v	
Name	
City and country of registered office (if applicable)	
5. Date on which the threshold was crossed or reached^{vi}:	01/03/2021
6. Date on which issuer notified (DD/MM/YYYY):	11/03/2021
7. Total positions of person(s) subject to the notification obligation	

	% of voting rights attached to shares (total of 8. A)	% of voting rights through financial instruments (total of 8.B 1 + 8.B 2)	Total of both in % (8.A + 8.B)	Total number of voting rights of issuer ^{vii}
Resulting situation on the date on which threshold was crossed or reached	490,000		3.68%	13,327,811
Position of previous notification (if applicable)	4.05%		4.05%	
8. Notified details of the resulting situation on the date on which the threshold was crossed or reached^{viii}				
A: Voting rights attached to shares				
Class/type of shares ISIN code (if possible)	Number of voting rights^{ix}	% of voting rights		
Direct (Art 9 of Directive 2004/109/EC) (DTR5.1)	Indirect (Art 10 of Directive 2004/109/EC) (DTR5.2.1)	Direct (Art 9 of Directive 2004/109/EC) (DTR5.1)	Indirect (Art 10 of Directive 2004/109/EC) (DTR5.2.1)	

	490,000		3.68%	
SUBTOTAL 8. A	490,000	3.68%		
B 1: Financial Instruments according to Art. 13(1)(a) of Directive 2004/109/EC (DTR5.3.1.1 (a))				
Type of financial instrument	Expiration date^x	Exercise/ Conversion Period^{xi}	Number of voting rights that may be acquired if the instrument is exercised/converted.	% of voting rights
		SUBTOTAL 8. B 1		
B 2: Financial Instruments with similar economic effect according to Art. 13(1)(b) of Directive 2004/109/EC (DTR5.3.1.1 (b))				

Type of financial instrument	Expiration date ^x	Exercise/ Conversion Period ^{xi}	Physical or cashsettlement ^{xii}	Number of voting rights	% of voting rights
			SUBTOTAL 8.B.2		
9. Information in relation to the person subject to the notification obligation (please mark the applicable box with an "X")					
Person subject to the notification obligation is not controlled by any natural person or legal entity and does not control any other undertaking(s) holding directly or indirectly an interest in the (underlying) issuer ^{xiii}		X			
Full chain of controlled undertakings through which the voting rights and/or the financial instruments are effectively held starting with the ultimate controlling natural person or legal entity ^{xiv} (please add additional rows as necessary)					

Name ^{xv}	% of voting rights if it equals or is higher than the notifiable threshold	% of voting rights through financial instruments if it equals or is higher than the notifiable threshold	Total of both if it equals or is higher than the notifiable threshold	
10. In case of proxy voting, please identify:				
Name of the proxy holder				
The number and % of voting rights held				
The date until which the voting rights will be held				
11. Additional information^{xvi}				
Place of completion	London			
Date of completion	1 March 2021			

INTERIM RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

ARCONTECH GROUP PLC

("Arcontech" or the "Group")

INTERIM RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Arcontech (AIM: ARC), the provider of products and services for real-time financial market data processing and trading, is pleased to report its unaudited results for the six months ended 31 December 2020.

Highlights:

- Turnover increased by 4.7% to £1,542,816 (six months ended 31 December 2019: £1,473,651)
- Profit before tax decreased by 8% to £506,237 (six months ended 31 December 2019: £551,847) reflecting the full cost of investment in our sales team
- Annual run-rate of recurring revenues at 31 December 2020 increased by 4% to £2.98 million (at 31 December 2019: £2.87 million)
- Net

cash of £4,997,822 at
31 December 2020, an increase of £597,367 on
the level at 31 December 2019 (£4,400,455)

- Profit
before tax for the year to 30 June 2021 is expected to
be in line with market
expectations

Geoff Wicks, Chairman of Arcontech, said:

“The
Board is pleased with Arcontech’s progress in the first half
of the year. While
the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic
have continued to overshadow the market we have grown revenue
with the addition
of an important new customer and a significant upgrade to an
existing tier one
customer. At the same time we have maintained good profit
levels after investing in future growth. We
believe we are in a good position to accelerate growth once
market conditions
improve.

Enquiries:

Arcontech Group plc	020 7256 2300
Geoff Wicks, Chairman and Non-Executive Director	
Matthew Jeffs, Chief Executive	
finnCap Ltd (Nomad & Broker)	020 7220 0500
Carl Holmes/Simon Hicks	

To access more

information on the Group please visit: www.arcontech.com

This announcement contains inside information for the purposes of Article 7 of the Market Abuse Regulation (EU) 596/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 ("MAR"), and is disclosed in accordance with the company's obligations under Article 17 of MAR.

The interim report will only be available to view online enabling the Group to communicate in a more environmentally friendly and cost-effective manner.

Chairman's Statement

I was delighted to join the board of Arcontech as a Non-Executive Director in July 2020, before becoming Chairman in September 2020. I would like to thank Richard Last for his stewardship of the Company over the last thirteen years, overseeing the Company's transformation and growth to be highly profitable with an impressive blue-chip customer base.

In these uncertain times Arcontech has continued to perform well, with sound revenue growth but a reduction in profit before tax due to the effect of the investment in building the sales team which is expected to enhance future earnings. The market continues to be challenging with customer contact limited and decisions being

delayed due to remote working. However, the enhanced sales team is making good progress growing the list of prospective new customers, which bodes well for the future.

Revenue was £1.54 million, up 4.7% from £1.47 million in the previous year. Profit before tax (PBT) was £506,237, 8% lower than the same period last year, reflecting the additional investment in sales capability. Costs continue to be under tight control. Adjusted profit before tax, which is PBT before the release of accruals for administrative costs in respect of prior years, was down 9% to £462,237.□

Our strategy is to support our existing customers and to maximise opportunities to provide a wider range of services to them. At the same time we have invested in building our sales capability to grow our customer base globally. We also continue to focus on our desktop products to augment our server-side business.

The enlarged sales team has made good progress reaching out to potential new customers. The prevailing market conditions have meant that the sales cycle is taking much longer than in normal times. We are pleased with the progress made and are confident that growth will improve once we are in a more normal market.

Financing

Our cash position remains excellent, with cash balances of

£4,997,822 at the end of the period, £597,367 above the level at 31 December 2019 and broadly the same as the balance of £5,006,969 at June 30, 2020, after paying £333,594 in dividends. This enables us to invest in the business, maintaining our larger sales team and developing our products.

Dividend

No interim dividend is proposed to be paid in respect of the half year. The Board expects to continue its policy of paying a dividend following the announcement of its full year results.

Employees

Our staff are now all working from home and I would like to thank them for their hard work adapting to this challenge. The Company has been able to continue to provide full support to existing customers, which has included performing software upgrades and helping with data centre moves whilst at the same time supporting proof of concept projects and progressing the development of new products.

Outlook

We expect conditions in the second half of the year to remain challenging. It seems unlikely that our sales team will have greater access to customers until at least the end of the year, however, we are confident that we will build on current growth once market conditions improve.

Geoff Wicks

**Chairman and
Non-Executive Director**

GROUP

INCOME STATEMENT AND STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Note	Six months ended 31 December		Six months ended 31 December		Year ended 30 June
			2020		2019		2020
			(unaudited) £		(unaudited) £		(audited) £
Revenue			1,542,816		1,473,651		2,955,314
Administrative costs			(1,034,043)		(924,211)		(1,917,502)
Operating profit		4	508,773		549,440		1,037,812
Finance income			8,442		16,573		29,914
Finance costs			(10,978)		(14,166)		(26,757)

Profit before taxation			506,237		551,847		1,040,949
Taxation		6	–		9,734		176,734
Profit for the period after tax			506,237		561,581		1,217,703
Total comprehensive income			506,237		561,581		1,217,703
Profit per share (basic)			3.82p		4.25p		9.22p
Adjusted* Profit per share (basic)			3.49p		3.93p		8.56p
Profit per share (diluted)			3.76p		4.17p		9.03p

Adjusted* Profit per share (diluted)			3.43p		3.85p		8.39p
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All of the results relate to continuing operations and there was no other comprehensive income in the period.

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Before release of accruals for administrative costs in respect of prior years.

GROUP BALANCE SHEET

	Note	31 December 2020		31 December 2019		30 June 2020
		(unaudited) £		(unaudited) £		(audited) £
Non-current assets						
Goodwill		1,715,153		1,715,153		1,715,153
Property, plant and equipment		15,697		17,084		19,316
Right of use asset	10	438,908		588,212		512,061
Deferred tax asset		452,000		285,000		452,000
Trade and other receivables		141,750		141,750		141,750

Total non-current assets		2,763,508		2,747,199	2,840,280
Current assets					
Trade and other receivables		759,655		608,910	192,632
Cash and cash equivalents		4,997,822		4,400,455	5,006,969
Total current assets		5,757,477		5,009,365	5,199,601
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables		(643,512)		(694,215)	(655,907)
Deferred income		(1,483,908)		(1,513,941)	(1,195,130)
Lease liabilities	10	(162,000)		(162,000)	(141,693)
Total current liabilities		(2,289,420)		(2,370,156)	(1,992,730)

Non-current liabilities					
Lease liabilities	10	(253,974)		(392,405)	(344,303)
Total non-current liabilities		(253,974)		(392,405)	(344,303)
Net current assets		3,468,057		2,639,209	3,206,871
Net assets		5,977,591		4,994,003	5,702,848
Equity					
Share capital		1,661,314		1,651,314	1,651,314
Share premium account		65,381		56,381	56,381
Shares to be issued		31,642		—	—
Share option reserve		206,797		145,352	188,639
Retained earnings		4,012,457		3,140,956	3,806,514
		5,977,591		4,994,003	5,702,848

GROUP CASH FLOW STATEMENT

		Note	Six months ended 31 December		Six months ended 31 December		Year ended 30 June
			2020		2019		2020
			(unaudited) £		(unaudited) £		(audited) £
Cash generated from operating activities		9	336,866		646,861		1,315,421
Tax recovered		6	–		9,734		9,734
Net cash generated from operating activities			336,866		656,595		1,325,155
Investing activities							
Interest received			8,442		16,573		29,914

Purchases of plant and equipment			(1,482)		(5,772)		(12,750)
Net cash generated from investing activities			6,960		10,801		17,164
Financing activities							
Proceeds from the exercise of options			50,642		—		—
Dividends paid			(333,594)		(263,591)		(263,591)
Payment of lease liabilities			(70,021)		(66,834)		(135,243)
Net cash used in financing activities			(352,973)		(330,425)		(398,834)

Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents			(9,147)		336,971		943,485
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			5,006,969		4,063,484		4,063,484
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period			4,997,822		4,400,455		5,006,969

GROUP

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Share capital	Share premium	Shares to be issued	Share-based payments reserve	Retained earnings	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 July 2019	1,651,314	56,381	–	56,366	2,011,689	3,775,750
Total comprehensive income for the period	–	–	–	–	561,581	561,581
Dividends paid	–	–	–	–	(263,591)	(263,591)
Share-based payments	–	–	–	45,705	–	45,705
At 31 December 2019	1,651,314	56,381	–	145,352	3,140,956	4,994,003

Total comprehensive income for the period	–	–	–	–	656,122	656,122
Share-based payments	–	–	–	52,723	–	52,723
Realisation of share option reserve	–	–	–	(9,436)	9,436	–
At 30 June 2020	1,651,314	56,381	–	188,639	3,806,514	5,702,848
Total comprehensive income for the period	–	–	–	–	506,237	506,237
Exercise of options	10,000	9,000	31,642	–	–	50,642
Transfer between reserves	–	–	–	(33,300)	33,300	–
Dividends paid	–	–	–	–	(333,594)	(333,594)
Share-based payments	–	–	–	51,458	–	51,458
At 31 December 2020	1,661,314	65,381	31,642^[1]	206,797	4,012,457	5,977,591

NOTES

TO THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. The figures for the six months ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019 are unaudited and do not constitute statutory accounts. The interim results have been prepared on a going concern basis using accounting policies which are consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and with the accounting policies adopted in the most recent annual financial statements to 30 June 2020.
2. The financial information for the year ended 30 June 2020 set out in this interim report does not comprise the Group's

statutory accounts as defined in section 434 of the Companies Act 2006. The statutory accounts for the year ended 30 June 2020, which were prepared under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted for use in the EU, applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006, have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies. The auditors reported on those accounts; their report was unqualified and did not contain a statement under either Section 498(2) or Section 498(3) of the Companies Act 2006 and did not include references to any matters to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis.

3. Copies of this statement are available from the Company Secretary at the Company's registered office at 1st Floor 11-21 Paul Street, London, EC2A 4JU or from the Company's website at www.arcontech.com.
4. Operating profit is stated after release of accruals for administrative expenses in respect of prior years of £44,000 (31 December 2019: £42,500; 30 June 2020: £86,500).
5. Earnings per share have been calculated based on the profit after tax and the weighted average number of shares in issue during the half year ended 31 December 2020 of 13,259,206 (31 December 2019: 13,210,510; 30 June 2020: 13,210,510).

The number of dilutive shares under option at 31 December 2020 was 214,217 (31 December 2019: 256,341; 30 June 2020: 268,484). The calculation of

diluted earnings per share assumes conversion of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares, all of which arise from share options. A calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at the average market price during the period, based upon the issue price of the outstanding share options including future charges to be recognised under the share-based payment arrangements.

- Taxation is based on the unaudited results and provision has been estimated at the rate applicable to the Company at the time of this statement and expected to be applied to the total annual earnings. No corporation tax has been charged in the period as any liability has been offset against tax losses brought forward from prior years. The tax credit represents the cash recovery of Research & Development tax credits during the period.
- A final dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2020 of 2.5 pence per share (2019: 2.0 pence per share) was paid on 9 October 2020.
- The Directors have elected not to apply IAS 34 Interim financial reporting.
- Cash generated from operations

		Six months ended 31 December		Six months ended 31 December		Year ended 30 June				
		2020		2019		2020				

IFRS 16 the Group recognises right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases on its balance sheet. The only lease applicable under IFRS 16 is the Group's office.

The key impacts on the Statement of Comprehensive Income and the Statement of Financial Position are as follows:

	Right of use asset £		Prepayments £		Lease liability £		Income statement £
As at 1 July 2020	512,061		–		(485,996)		–
Depreciation	(73,153)		–		–		(73,153)
Interest	–		–		(10,978)		(10,978)
Lease payments	–		–		81,000		–
Carrying value at 31 December 2020	438,908		–		(415,974)		(84,131)
	Right of use asset £		Prepayments £		Lease liability £		Income statement £

As at 1 July 2019	–		–		–		–
Recognised on adoption of IFRS 16	661,739		(40,500)		(621,239)		–
Depreciation	(73,527)		–		–		(73,527)
Interest	–		–		(14,166)		(14,166)
Lease payments	–		–		81,000		–
Carrying value at 31 December 2019	588,212		(40,500)		(554,405)		(87,693)

[\[1\]](#) At 31 December 2020 £31,642 had been received from an optionholder as subscription funds to acquire 37,301 Ordinary Shares in the Company. The shares were issued post reporting date on 25 January 2021.

[Arcontech Interim Results for the six months ended 31 December 2020](#)

Issue of Equity

ARCONTECH GROUP PLC

("Arcontech", the "Company" or the "Group")

Issue of Equity

Arcontech (AIM: ARC), the provider of products and services for real-time financial market data processing and trading, announces that it has applied to the London Stock Exchange for 37,301 ordinary shares of £0.125 each in the Company ("Ordinary Shares") to be admitted to trading on AIM ("Admission"). The new Ordinary Shares are being issued subsequent to an exercise of options over Ordinary Shares by a former employee of the Company.

It is expected that Admission will become effective and trading will commence in the new Ordinary Shares at 8.00 a.m. on 26 January 2021. On Admission the Company's issued share capital will comprise 13,327,811 Ordinary Shares, of which none are held in treasury. Therefore, the total number of Ordinary Shares in the Company with voting rights will be 13,327,811. This figure may be used by shareholders in the Company as the denominator for the calculations by which they will determine if they are required to notify their interest in, or a change to their interest in, the share capital of the Company under the FCA's Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules.

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